

Sanitized Copy Approved for  
Release 2009/12/03 :  
CIA-RDP85T00875R00100001

Sanitized Copy Approved for  
Release 2009/12/03 :  
CIA-RDP85T00875R00100001

**Top Secret**

25X1



**DIRECTORATE OF  
INTELLIGENCE**

# Intelligence Report

**RED GUARD AND REVOLUTIONARY REBEL  
ORGANIZATIONS IN COMMUNIST CHINA**

**(A RESEARCH AID)**

**(Reference Title: POLO XXX)**

**Top Secret**

25X1

**Copy No.**  
**28 May 1968**

25X1

**Page Denied**

25X1

25X1

"Any kind of organization is all right,  
as long as it is in the name of the  
great cultural revolution. The organiz-  
ing of different opinions is the free-  
dom of organization."

--Chou En-lai, speech to students at  
Tsinghua University, 22 August 1966

**RED GUARD AND REVOLUTIONARY REBEL ORGANIZATIONS IN COMMUNIST CHINA**  
**(A RESEARCH AID)**

**Introduction**

These working charts, prepared by the DDI/Special Research Staff, are drawn from a larger analytical study (in progress) of the Red Guard movement in Communist China. An attempt has been made to identify the major Red Guard and Revolutionary Rebel groups in each province, autonomous region, and major city, to list the opponents as well as the allies of these groups, to note shifts in these alliances over time, and to provide a brief chronology (where possible) of the varying fortunes of these organizations as of May 1968.

Users of these charts should note the following two points. First, the description of a given Red Guard or Revolutionary Rebel group as "revolutionary," "conservative," "counterrevolutionary," and so forth, is in every case taken from official Chinese Communist statements (e.g., Mao Tse-tung, Chou En-lai, Madame Mao, the Central Committee, the Central CRG) and does not represent a judgment of the DDI/SRS. These statements are usually found in Red Guard sources, but are believed to be accurately rendered. On the other hand, Red Guard pronouncements per se as to the political leanings of their own or other groups have not been used, as they are notoriously biased and misleading.

Second, allied and opposing groups are identified only on the basis of concrete evidence. For example, in a given province, group "1" may be opposed by groups "2" and "3", but the inference does not necessarily follow that groups "2" and "3" are allies (the three groups may, in fact, be mutually hostile).

The DDI/SRS would welcome comment on these working charts, addressed to either the Chief of the Staff or the compiler

List of Abbreviations

aka	also known as	RGA	Revolutionary Great Alliance
Assn	Association		
CC	Central Committee	TTOMTT	"the thought of Mao Tse-tung"
Coll(s)	College(s)	Univ(s)	University(ies)
c-revy	counterrevolutionary	YCL	Young Communist League
CRG	Cultural Revolution Group		
Ctte	Committee		
est	established		
Gen	General		
GHQ	General Headquarters		
GPCR	Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution		
Hqs	Headquarters		
Jt	Joint		
L-M	Lower-Middle		
M-S(s)	Middle School(s)		
nfi	not further identified		
prep	preparatory		
prol	proletarian		
revy	revolutionary		
RG(s)	Red Guard(s)		

25X1

NOTE

The number under the columns labelled "Opponents" and "Supporters" refers to the number assigned arbitrarily by the compiler to each Red Guard or Revolutionary Rebel group. For example, in Anhwei Province, "27 August" (group #4) is supported by #10 (Red Guard Army) and opposed by #11 (Army Command). In Chekiang Province, #1 is opposed by #3 and #25, but supported by groups 11 through 20. These numbers are not intended to indicate any hierarchy of importance or power among the various Red Guard groups in a given province. They are solely for purposes of identification in this publication.

The user will also note the detailed listing of Red Guard groups for some areas (Peking, Kwangtung, etc.) and the brief compilations for others (Kirin, Ninghsia, Shensi). The brevity of the latter is due solely to lack of information.

## ANHWEI PROVINCE

<u>Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups</u>	<u>Opponents</u>	<u>Supporters</u>
1. Hofei Colleges & M-Ss RG Revy Rebel Hqs. (est. 18 October 1966)		
2. Paohung Faction ("P" faction?) (Bombardiers)- - - - -	3	
3. Chihlin Faction ("G" faction?) (Support The Provisional Organ of Power?)- - - - -	2	
(These two major contending factions were both declared revy. mass organizations by the State Council 19 July 1967. Chiang Ching urged them to unite 5 September 1967.)		
4. 27 August - - - - -	11	10
5. 27 August Rebel-to-the-end Liaison Station		
6. Red Revy Assn (hung-ko hui)		
7. Workers' Rebel Jt. Ctte.		
8. Workers' 1st Hqs.		
9. 3rd Hqs. (CC declared Nos. 4-9 revy mass organizations 27 March 1967)		
10. RG Army - - - - -	11	4
(CC declared revy mass organization 27 March 1967, but must disband because its "form of organization is not proper.")		
11. Army Command (chun-tsung)- - - - -	4,10	
(CC declared "conservative organization" 27 March 1967)		
12. Hofei Municipal Organs Revy Workers' Rebel Hqs. (CC declared this organization suppressed erroneously on 27 March 1967)		

RG Congress of Univ. & M-Ss, Hofei Workers'  
Congress and Hofei-area Poor & L-M Peasants  
Congress all est. ca. 30 March 1968.

## CHEKIANG PROVINCE

<u>Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups</u>	<u>Opponents</u>	<u>Supporters</u>
<u>Hangchow</u>		
1. Chekiang Provincial Revy Rebel Jt. Gen. Command - - - 3,25 to Defend TTCMTT (hereafter listed as Chekiang Jt. Command. 8 August 1967 ff., praised on Hangchow radio. Signed RGA with (3) 17 Feb. 1968)		11-20
2. Provincial Gen. Alliance RG		
3. Chekiang Provisional Command of Red Rebels - - - - - 1 (signed RGA with (1) in Peking 17 Feb. 1968.)		
4. Vanguard Main Team - - - - - 10		
5. West Lake Column - - - - - 10		
6. Flying Tiger Team - - - - - 10		
7. Militant Workers Team - - - - - 10		
8. Hangchow Univ. Anti-Revisionist Corps - - - - - 10		
9. Chekiang Physical Culture & Athletics Gen. Assn. - - 10		
10. Red Riot (Chekiang Univ. students) - - - - - 4-9 (declared a revy group by Mao and Chou En-lai in late 1967, but described as "a bit too far to the left.")		
11. Hangchow Municipal Cttee of Revy Staff & Workers- - - -		1
12. Hangchow Steel Works Revy Rebels Jt. Command - - - -		1
13. Hsiaoshan Cotton Textile Plant Jt. Hqs. to "Bombard the Hqs." - - - - -		1
14. Hsiaoshan Motor Works Jt. Hqs. of Revy Rebels - - - -		1
15. Chekiang Provincial Jt. Gen. Command of Revy Rebels of Pocr & L-M Peasants - - - - -		1
16. RG Revy Rebels of Hangchow Univs, Colls & M-Ss- - - -		1
17. Revy Rebel GHQ of Chekiang Provincial-level Organs - -		1
18. Revy Rebel Jt. GHQ of Hangchow Municipal-level Organs -		1
19. Revy Rebel Hqs. of Poor & L-M Peasants of the Hangchow Suburbs - - - - -		1
20. RG 3rd Hqs. of Univs, M-Ss and Technical Schools - - -		1
21. Chekiang Chinese Medical Coll. Thunderstorm - - - - - 22 (later known as Bombardment Union: pao-lien)		
22. Chekiang Medical Coll. Command Hqs (chih-hui pu)- - - 21		
23. Chekiang Univ. Revy Rebel Jt. Gen. Command (alliance est 11 December 1967, apparently between Chekiang Univ. Gen. Command and its opponent, Chekiang Univ. Red Riot. This alliance broke down and		

Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel GroupsOpponentsSupportersHangchow (cont.)

24. Labor Jt. Gen. Command ( <u>lien-tsung</u> ) - - - - -	26	
25. Wenchow Jt. Gen. Command - - - - -	1, 28, 32, 40, 41*	
26. Worker's Command - - - - -	24	
27. Wenchow Federation Hqs.		
28. Wenchow Workers GHQ ( <u>kung-tsung-szu</u> ) - - - - -	25	1
29. Wenchow Revy Rebel GHQ of the Chekiang Revy Rebel Jt. Gen. Command - - - - -		1
30. RG Revy Rebel GHQ of Cultural, Educational and Public Health System - - - - -		1
31. RG Revy Rebel GHQ of Commercial System - - - - -		1
32. Poor and L-M Peasants GHQ - - - - -	25	1
33. "Bombard the Hqs." Corps of Local Organizations - -		1
34. Revy Rebel GHQ of Local Organizations - - - - -		1
35. Revy Rebel GHQ of Finance & Trade System - - - -		1
36. Foodstuffs Corps - - - - -		1
37. Gen. Detachment of Public Security - - - - -		1
38. Wenchow Group of Hangchow Univs. & Schools - - -		1
39. Wenchow Group of Nanking & Shanghai Univs. & Normal Schools - - - - -		1
40. Red Gen. Command ( <u>hung tsung-szu</u> ) - - - - -	25	1
41. 3rd Gen. Command for Defense of the Cultural Revolution ( <u>wen-wei tsung-szu</u> ) - - - - -	25	1

Shihpu

42. Shihpu Prol Allied GHQ  
43. Red Rebel GHQ  
44. Shihpu M-S GHQ  
45. Ningpo Counter-Adverse Current

\*Other opponents of the Wenchow Jt. Gen. Command: Shanghai Tungchi Univ. "East is Red," Chiaotung Univ "Rebel-to-the-End", Shanghai 3rd Hqs and sixteen other unidentified Shanghai organizations.

Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups

Opponents

Supporters

Pingyang

- 46. Allied GHQ
- 47. Red 3rd Hqs. of Rebel GHQ
- 48. Pingyang Revy Workers GHQ
- 49. Red Rebel Command
- 50. Red Revy Rebels

**CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS:**

- 16 August 1967: Wenchow Liaison Station of Peking RG Congress convened, including: Peking Aviation Red Flag, Peking Normal Chingkangshan, Peking Geology "East-is-Red", Peking Forestry, Peking Tsinghua, New Peking Univ Commune. (The Liaison Station members were opponents of (25) and pro (1))
- 16 December 1967: Chekiang Provincial RG Congress formally in session.
- 16 February 1968: reps. of Chekiang Provincial Revy Rebel Jt. Gen Command and the Chekiang Provisional Command of Red Rebels signed an agreement in Peking to form RGA.

## FUKIEN PROVINCE

<u>Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups</u>	<u>Opponents</u>	<u>Supporters</u>
1. Fukien Normal Coll Investigation Group		
2. Fukien Normal M-S Investigation Group		
3. Fukien Univ. Investigation Group		
4. Amoy 8th M-S Investigation Group		
5. Fukien Agricultural Coll. Investigation Group		
6. Fukien Coll. of Chinese Medicine Investigation Group (10 August 1968 ff: (1)-(6) demanded arrest of Wang Yu-keng, Yeh Fei's wife)		

25X1

25X1

Foochow

7. Foochow Workers Revy Rebel Jt. Hqs. - - - - -		9-20
8. Fukien Provincial Gov't Depts. Jt. Rebel Hqs. - - - - (both powerful during "January Revolution")		9-20
9. Fukien Front RG Hqs. - - - - -	11,12	7,8
10. Fukien Provincial Revy Ctte TTOMTT RGs - - - - -	11,12	7,8
11. East China Sea Front RGs - - - - -	9,10	7,8
12. Foochow Workers Scarlet Guards ( <u>chih-wei tui</u> )	9,10	7,8
13. Fukien Daily Revy Staff & Workers Rebel Unit - - - -		7,8
14. Foochow Liaison Station of Peking RG 3rd Hqs. - - -		7,8
15. 9 September Combat Corps of Foochow-area Poor & L-M Peasants - - - - -		7,8
16. 23 November Revy Rebel Hqs. - - - - -		7,8
17. Southward-bound Revy Rebel Liaison Ctte - - - - -		7,8
18. New Peking Univ Foochow Liaison Station - - - - -		7,8
19. Red Rebels - - - - -		7,8
20. Peking Geology "East-is-Red" Fukien Liaison Station-		7,8
21. 29 August CHQ (Overseas Chinese)		
22. Red Combat Corps		
23. Red Corps ( <u>hung-se ping-tuan</u> ) (anti-Yeh Fei)		
24. Red Flag		
25. Maoist Revy Rebels		

Amoy

26. Promotion Union (ko-lien) (aka Red Rebels)  
(Supported by Amoy Mayor & garrison cdr) - - - - - 27,28

27. Promc Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2009/12/03 : CIA-RDP85T00875R001000010029-5

Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel GroupsOpponentsSupportersAmoy (cont.)

28.	29 August Amoy Workers Revy Rebel Hqs. - - - - -	26
29.	New Amoy Commune	
30.	New Amoy Univ Commune - - - - -	31
	(Includes Chimei group)	
31.	New Amoy Univ Revy Alliance - - - - -	30
	(Includes Chimei group)	
32.	Overseas Chinese Remedial School Revy Alliance - - -	33
33.	New Chimei Overseas Chinese Remedial School	
	Commune (Under New Amoy Univ. Commune) - - - - -	32
34.	Big Commune	

Mid-March 1968: after several months of intense fighting, comparative calm was restored. RGA between "thirty organizations belonging to the two major factions" reportedly to be realized "sometime in April or May."

Changting

35.	Tingchou Commune - - - - -	36
36.	Tingchou Revy Alliance - - - - -	35

Chuanchou

37.	Overseas Chinese Univ 29 August Faction - - - - -	
38.	Red Rebel Faction - - - - -	43
39.	Red Star	
40.	United Combat Union	
41.	18 August Chuanchou Steel Revy Union	
	(formerly Chuanchou Red Revy Union)	
42.	Lao Yeh Faction	
43.	Lao "K" Faction (Old District Rebels) - - - - -	38

Min-Ching

44.	29 August - - - - -	45
45.	Revy Rebel Assn (ko-tsao hui) - - - - -	44

Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups

Opponents

Supporters

Fuching

46.	29 August - - - - -	47
47.	Red Star - - - - -	46

Shihshih

48.	29 August (claims PLA support)	
49.	Red Rebels	
50.	Revy Union - - - - -	51
51.	Promotion Union - - - - -	50

Lienchiang

52.	Rebels (students) - - - - -	53
53.	Red Combat Team (students) - - - - -	52

## HEILUNGKIANG PROVINCE

<u>Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups</u>	<u>Opponents</u>	<u>Supporters</u>	
1. <u>Han Lien-tsung</u> (Defense Jt. Gen. Command) - - - - -	2	3-6	25X1
[REDACTED]			
2. Harbin Bombardiers ( <u>pao-hung</u> ) - - - - - (includes Harbin Military Engineering Institute, No. 1 Machinery Plant and Normal Coll)	1	7-13	25X1
3. New Dawn ( <u>hsin shu-kuang</u> ) - - - - - [REDACTED]		1	25X1
4. <u>Kung-chien-fa</u> (Public Security, Procuratorate & Courts personnel) - - - - -		1	
5. Red Jt. Gen Command ( <u>hung lien-tsung</u> ) (in Harbin and Chihsi)			
6. Harbin Industrial Institute "New Aurora" Red Rebel Corps (mentioned favorably on Harbin Radio 13 August 1967) - - - - -		1	
7. Chihsi TTOMTT RG 3rd Hqs. - - - - - (denounced in early May 1967)		2	
8. Taching RG 3rd Hqs. - - - - -		2	
9. Harbin Workers Red Rebel GHQ - - - - -		2	
10. Harbin Univs & Colls. Red Rebel Corps Rebel- to-the-end Hqs. - - - - -		2	
11. Harbin No. 1 Machinery Plant Red Rebel Corps - - - - -		2	
12. New Peking Univ Commune - - - - -		2	
13. Harbin Industrial Institute Red Revy Rebels - - - - - (denounced in early February 1967)		2	
14. Harbin Military Engineering Institute Red Rebel Corps (Maintained liaison stations in Shanghai & Canton. Had competing factions. Criticized by Chou En- lai in January 1968 for "bourgeois oscillation" and going soft)			
15. Taching Industrial Workers Revy Rebel Hqs. (est. 14 July 1967)			
16. Tsitsihar 9 February Commune			
17. Chiamussu 25 August Red Revy Rebel Corps			
18. Harbin Univs & Colls RG Congress Prep Ctte (est 4 August 1967; still in prep status as of February 1968)			

## Heilungkiang Province (cont.)

Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel GroupsOpponentsSupporters

19. Harbin M-Ss RG Congress  
(est 4 August 1967)
20. North East Petroleum Institute Red Revy Rebel Corps  
(outlawed February 1967)
21. Scarlet Guards  
(proclaimed "royalist," February 1967)
22. 8 August Corps  
("royalist", February 1967)
23. Combat Preparations Army (chan-pei chun)  
("c-revy", February 1967)
24. Red Flag Army  
("c-revy", February 1967)
25. Glory Restoration Army (jung-fu chun)  
("c-revy", February 1967)
26. 6811 Faction  
("c-revy", 28 January 1968)

25X1

25X1

<u>Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups</u>	<u>Opponents</u>	<u>Supporters</u>
1. 7 February Commune - - - - -	7-15	*(See Below)
2. 24 August (Kaifeng Normal Coll) - - - - -	7-15	
3. Chengchow Univ Revy United Ctte - - - - -	7-15	
4. 18 August (Hsinhsiang Normal Coll) - - - - -	7-15	
5. 16 August (Loyang) - - - - -	7-15	
6. Honan Red Farmers GHQ - - - - -	7-15	
(Groups (1)-(6) pro-Liu Chien-hsun)		
7. Revy Rebel GHQ of Organs of the Honan Provincial Party Ctte (anti Liu Chien-hsun) - - - - -	1-6	
8. Chengchow Univ RG Combat Corps (defunct, July 1967) - - - - -	1-6	
9. Chengchow Workers Scarlet Guards (aka "Old Conservatives") - - - - -	1-6	
10. Chengchow No. 3 Cotton Mill "East-is-Red" - - - - -	1-6	
11. Chengchow United Action (lien-tung) (aka "Iron Army") (M-S students; pro- Ho Yun-hung, a Political Cmmissar, Honan Military District) - - - - -	1-6	
12. Chengchow Engineering Institute Chemistry Dept - - -	1-6	
13. Chengchow Public Security Commune - - - - -	1-6	
14. 20 April (Hsinhsiang) - - - - -	1-6	
15. 23 April (Hsinhsiang) - - - - -	1-6	

\* Outside Supporters of (1)-(6):

Peking Geology "East-is-Red" Liaison Station  
Peking Agricultural Machinery Institute "East-is-Red"  
Tsinghua Ching kangshan  
Peking Post & Telecommunications Institute "East-is-Red"  
Peking Aviation Red Flag  
New Peking Univ Commune  
Nankai Univ 18 August Red Rebel Regiment (Tientsin:  
Honan sub-group)

Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups

Opponents

Supporters

Outside Supporters of (1) - (6) (cont):

Lhasa: Rebel Hqs. (LRH) (Tibet)  
Peking RG Congress Chengchow Liaison Station  
Peking RG Congress Loyang Liaison Station  
16 September (Peking, 7th Ministry of Machine-Building)  
(Unidentified) Szechwan revy rebels in Honan

**CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS:**

25 July 1967: 7 February Commune and its allies confirmed by Peking as the true revy faction.

29 December 1967: Honan Daily editorial noted that Revy Rebel GHQ has erred ("petty bourgeois factionalism") since February 1967, but that they are nevertheless "veteran rebels" who must be "treated correctly."

13 January 1968: 7 February Commune, 24 August, and Revy Rebel GHQ agreed on RGA.

25X1

25X1

## HOPEI PROVINCE

<u>Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups</u>	<u>Opponents</u>	<u>Supporters</u>
1. Nankai Univ. 18 August Red Rebel Regiment - - - - -	2	
2. Tientsin Physical Education Coll. RGs - - - - -	1	
3. Paoting Public Security Bureau - - - - -	4,5	
4. Hopei Agricultural Univ. Red Rebel Regiment - - - - -	3	5
5. Paoting Colls & M-S RG Congress - - - - -	3	4
6. Tientsin Great Alliance Prep. Group ( <u>ta-lien chou</u> )		
7. Tientsin Seize-Power Prep. Group		
8. Tientsin Mines Proletarian Revy Rebel Hqs - - - - -		9
9. Tientsin Health System Proletarian Revy Rebel Hqs - -		8

25X1

25X1

## CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS:

4 September 1967: New Peking Univ. Commune supported the Shihchiachuang Proletarian Revy Liaison Command Post.

18 February 1968: Shihchiachuang RG Congress in session and praised by Radio Peking for diligent labor and frugality.

## HUNAN PROVINCE

<u>Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups</u>	<u>Opponents</u>	<u>Supporters</u>
1. Changsha Institutes of Higher Learning Red Political Power Defense Army Gen Command Post (usually identified as kao-szu, i.e. Higher Hqs) - - - - -	8, 16-21	
2. Hunan Finance & Trade Institute Army-to-Defend-the Red-Regime CHQ		
3. Workers' Red Militia Detachment GHQ		
4. Hunan Finance & Trade Institute Long March Fighting Battalion		
5. Prol Revy Rebel Detachment (Groups (1) through (5) anti-Chang P'ing-hua and Chang Po-shen)		
6. Changsha Railway Coll RGs		
7. Changsha Workers Alliance		
8. Hsiang River Thunderstorm - - - - -	1, 28	19
(Provincial Revy Ctte Prep Group praised groups (7) & (8) on 5 & 18 September 1967)		
9. Changsha Poor & L-M Peasants Alliance		
10. Hunan Ching Kangshan - - - - -	26, 28	23
11. Changsha "Attack-with-Reason, Defend-with-Force"		
12. Hunan Provincial Party Ctte "Always-Facing-East" Prol Revys		
13. Red Flag Army		
14. New Hunan Univ Commune		
15. Chairman Mao's Truth Army (Hunan Univ; anti-Chang Po-shen) - - - - -	16-21	
16. 19 August Rebel Regiment of Hsiang River Printing Factory - - - - -	1, 15	
17. Hsiang River Guerrillas - - - - -	1, 15	
18. Hsiang River Red Seal Soldiers - - - - -	1, 15	
19. Youth Guard Army - - - - -	1, 15	8
20. TTOMIT RGs - - - - -	1, 15	
21. "East-is-Red" GHQ - - - - -	1, 15	
22. TTOMIT Revy Workers Rebel Army GHQ - - - - -	23	
23. Boxers (i-ho tuan) - - - - -	22, 26	10
24. "Pursue-the-Tottering-Foe" Faction		
25. RG United Hqs - - - - -	26	
26. Federation of Trade Unions Revy Rebels - - - - -	10, 23, 25	

Hunan Province (cont.)

<u>Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups</u>	<u>Opponents</u>	<u>Supporters</u>
27. "East-is-Red" GHQ of RGs of Mao's Principles - - - - - (withdrew from sheng-wu lien 11 January 1968; praised as revy)	28	
28. Hunan Prol Revolutionaries Great Alliance Ctte (sheng-wu lien)- - - - - (an ultra-leftist group that split off from and attacked Hsiang River Thunderstorm. Declared to be reactionary by Chou En-lai in late 1967, but welcomed to come to Peking to study if errors were corrected and opposition to the CCP Central Ctte and the Provincial Revy Ctte Prep Group ceased. Kang Sheng and Chou En-lai roundly condemned the organization as "c-revy" 24 January 1968)	8,10,27	

CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS:

- pre-15 August 1967: New Peking Univ. Commune supported kao-szu and  
opposed Hsiang River Thunderstorm on the basis of recommendations  
made by the New Peking Univ Investigation Team in Changsha.
- 15 August 1967: Investigation Team made a self-criticism and announced  
support for Hsiang River Thunderstorm (statèment of 4 September 1967)
- 21 February 1968: above groups (7) through (10) and eight others  
not identified formed RGA

**HUPEI PROVINCE**

**Chronological Development of Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups:**

2 September 1966: Peking RGs from Peking Univ, People's Univ, and Peking Normal Coll arrived in Wuhan and demanded Chang Ti-hsueh's dismissal. They opposed Wuhan 1st Hqs which was soon disbanded.

18 January 1967: pro-Shanghai Revy Rebels Power-seizure Alliance formed.

**Listing of Groups: (18 January alliance)**

1. TTOMTT Wuhan Workers Gen Hqs (aka Steel Workers GHQ)
2. TTOMTT Wuhan Workers Rebel Hqs (aka Steel Workers 13 September)  
(21 March 1967, Wuhan Military Region ordered the above two organizations to disband, but on 4 June 1967, the Military Region reinstated these as legitimate revy groups.)
3. TTOMTT Wuhan Peasants Revy Rebel Hqs
4. TTOMTT January Revy Rebel Hqs.
5. Chairman Mao's Line Red Flag Commune
6. TTOMTT Red Revy Death-Defiers Rebel Field Corps
7. TTOMTT 7 February Rebel Troops Wuhan Revy Workers Hqs
8. TTOMTT River Workers' Hqs
9. TTOMTT Rebel Troops Wuhan Workers' 3rd Hqs
10. TTOMTT Worker-Peasant Red Army Wuhan Revy Rebel Hqs
11. TTOMTT Red Army Revy Rebel Hqs
12. Provincial Communications System Hqs of the Red Rebel Corps-to-Defend-TTOMTT
13. TTOMTT Wuhan Finance & Trade Staff Workers' Revy Rebel Hqs
14. Mao Tse-tung's Red Army Wuhan Red Laborers' Revy Line Federation
15. TTOMTT Red Worker-Soldier Revy Rebel Hqs
16. TTOMTT Wuhan Municipal Banking System Red Rebel GHQ
17. Wuhan Municipal CCP Ctte Revy Rebel GHQ
18. TTOMTT RG Wuhan Revy Rebel Hqs
19. Wuhan RG 3rd Hqs
20. M-S Rebel Hqs of Wuhan RG 3rd Hqs
21. TTOMTT RG Red Rebel Hqs
22. Red Gugust Rebel Hqs of TTOMTT RG
23. TTOMTT RG Red Rebel Hqs (aka hsin-hua-kung)
24. Hupeh Sports Assn. Revy Rebel Hqs of TTOMTT Red Athlete Troops
25. New Wuhan Univ Provisional Revy Rebel Ctte

Hupei Province (cont.)

26. Wuhan Literature & Art Circles Liaison Hqs of TTOMTT Revy Rebels
27. Wuhan M-Ss Revy Rebel Hqs of TTOMTT School Workers
28. Wuhan Univs & Colls TTOMTT Revy Rebel Corps
29. TTOMTT Red Soldiers Revy Rebel Hqs of Wuhan Public Health System
30. Wuhan Revy Rebel Hqs of TTOMTT Red School Workers
31. Wuhan TTOMTT Revy Rebel Hqs.
32. Red Overseas Chinese Troops of Wuhan Overseas Chinese Revy Rebel Hqs
33. Peking South-Bound Revy Rebel Squad
34. Peking Geology "East-is-Red" Wuhan Liaison Center
35. Peking Aviation Red Flag Wuhan Liaison Center
36. Sian Military Communications Engineering Institute Provincial Cultural Revolution Prep Ctte Wuhan Liaison Center
37. Harbin Military Engineering Institute Red Rebel Corps Wuhan Liaison Center
38. Peking Chemical Industry Institute "East-is-Red" Wuhan Liaison Center
39. 31 August TTOMTT Revy Rebel Corps of Hupei branch of NCNA
40. Hupei-Wuhan TTOMTT Journalist-fighters Revy Rebel Hqs
41. Wuhan Revenue Depts TTOMTT Red Rebel Corps Revy Rebel Hqs.

(The above groups (1) through (41) were opponents of the Wuhan Revy Staff and Workers' Federation which later became the Red Armed Soldiers, hung-wu ping, a member of Million Heroes)

Wuhan Incident & Opposing Groups:

42. Million Heroes

(est 16 May 1967; full name: Wuhan Prol Revy Liaison Center of TTOMTT Million Heroes)

Members: Red Armed Soldiers (workers)  
Three-word Soldiers (san-tzu ping) (M-S students and children of senior cadres, mostly girls)  
Wuhan 3rd Hqs of "East-is-Red" Guards (aka K'ang 3rd Hqs, Wuhan Univ)  
Wuhan Kung-chien-fa (Public Security, Procuratorate and Courts)  
Urumchi Pastoral Cavalry (students)  
Independent Division

24 June 1967: Million Heroes declared to be "conservative" by Central CRG and PLA CRG. Reiterated 17-20 July by Hsieh Fu-chih and Wang Li in Wuhan. Million Heroes declared to be "c-revy" after Wuhan Incident.

Hupei Province (cont.)

Opposing the Million Heroes:

43. Three Steels (largest Wuhan group)  
Members: Steel Workers' GHQ (largest sub-group)  
Steel Second Hqs (mainly students)  
Steel Workers' 13 September
44. Three News (second largest group)  
Members: Hsin-hua-kung (Central China Engineering Institute TTOMTT RG  
Red Rebel Hqs)  
Hsin-hu-ta (New Hupei Univ Red August; aka Hupei Univ Provisional  
Cultural Revolution Ctte)  
Hsin-hua-nung (New Central China Agricultural Institute "East-  
is-Red")
45. Provincial RG Hqs (Government office workers)  
46. Higher Cadres Revy Union (kao-kan ko-lien)  
47. Wuhan Municipal Ctte-to-Serve-the-People  
48. Yangtze River Transport Regularization Office (chang-pan lien-szu)  
49. Revy Jt. Ctte  
50. Tough-bone Revy Alliance of 3rd Hqs (aka Red 3rd Hqs Revy Rebel Liaison  
Center; members withdrew from Wuhan 3rd Hqs of "East-is-Red" RGs)  
51. RG Revy Alliance (M-S students who withdrew from Three-word Soldiers)

Outside Allies of Groups Opposing the Million Heroes ((43) through (51)):

Peking Aviation Red Flag  
Peking Geology "East-is-Red"  
Peking Tsinghua Ching kangshan  
Tsinghai 18 August  
East Canton Rebel Corps (nfi)  
Tibet Lhasa Revy Hqs (LRH)  
Tibet Great Alliance Hqs (GAH)  
New Peking Univ Commune

Hupei Province (cont)

CHRONOLOGY (cont.)

21 September 1967: Wuhan Revy Jt Ctte of Revy Rebel Hqs of Univs, Colls and M-Ss est.

October 1967: New Wuhan Gen Command Hqs est with the following members:

Steel Workers' GHQ

Steel Workers' 13 September

Three News

Provincial RG Hqs

Municipal Ctte-to-Serve-the-People

Higher Cadres Revy Union

15 January 1968: Wuhan area RG Congress of Univs and M-Ss est.

ca. 25 January 1968: Wuhan area Workers' Congress est.

25X1

25X1

## INNER MONGOLIAN AUTONOMOUS REGION

<u>Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups</u>	<u>Opponents</u>
1. Huhehot Red Flag Army - - - - -	4-19
2. Huhehot Workers' RG Army - - - - -	4-19
3. Huhehot Revy Righters ( <u>ko-ming chan-shih</u> )- - - - -	4-19
4. 3rd Hqs (ally of Peking 3rd Hqs; pro-LRH / <u>Tibet</u> / and pro-18 August / <u>Tsinghai</u> /) - - - - -	1-3
5. Red Gen Hqs - - - - -	1-3
6. "East-is-Red" Revy Rebel Commune (workers) - - - - -	1-3
7. Inner Mongolian Engineering Institute Chingkangshan - - - - -	1-3
8. I.M. Normal College Chingkangshan - - - - -	1-3
9. I.M. Normal College "East-is-Red" Combat Column - - - - -	1-3
10. Huhehot-bound Militant Team of the Ha Workers- Soldier Red Rebel Corps - - - - -	1-3
11. I.M. Post and Telegraph School Mao Tse-tung RGs - - - - -	1-3
12. I.M. Entertainers' and Artists' Rebel Corps - - - - -	1-3
13. I.M. Branch of Shanghai No. 2 Army Medical Coll Red Rebels - - - - -	1-3
14. I.M. Branch of National Post and Telegraph Systems Revy Rebel GHQ - - - - -	1-3
15. Revy Rebel GHQ - - - - -	1-3
16. I.M. Medical Coll Revy Rebels - - - - -	1-3
17. I.M. Industrial Institute Revy Rebels - - - - -	1-3
18. I.M. Agricultural Institute Revy Rebels - - - - -	1-3
19. Huhehot Railway Bureau Locomotive Revy Rebel GHQ - - - - -	1-3

## CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS:

late January 1967: Inner Mongolian Military Region declared 3rd Hqs and allies "c-revy".

13 April 1967: CC Directive on I.M. question ordered reinstatement of 3rd Hqs and allies. All RG and revy rebel groups which "bridge units and enterprises should be disbanded."

ca. 7 August 1967: Huhehot Univs, Colls, and M-Ss Revy Rebel Hqs est.; (aka Huhehot RG Congress and/or Huhehot 3rd Hqs (hu-san-szu)).  
Members included: 3rd Hqs, I.M. Industrial Institute Revy Rebels and I.M. Agricultural Institute Revy Rebels.

**Inner Mongolian Autonomous Region (cont.)**

**Chronology (cont.)**

**4 September 1967:** New Peking Univ Commune supported the 3rd Hqs.

**30 September 1967:** Huhehot Workers' Congress est. Membership included "over 150 groups."

**9 October 1967:** Five congresses in Huhehot realized RGA: workers, peasants, RGs, revy workers, and government employees.

**26 March 1968:** New 18 March Fighting Team of the former Huhehot Party Ctte's Finance and Trade Political Dept first noted; this group pro-I.M. Revy Ctte.

25X1

25X1

Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups

Opponents

Supporters

Lanchow

1. Red Alliance (hung-lien)

Early May 1967, Red Alliance split into contending factions:

Destruction Faction

Courage Faction

Workers' Jt Ctte

Red Long March Regiment

Locomotive Corps

Red Hqs of (Lanchow?) Iron & Steel Institute

1 August Hqs

Red Eagles of Lanchow Medical Coll

Red Hqs of Lanchow Univ

3 September Hqs - - - - - 2-5

2. Revy Alliance (ko-lien) - - - - - 1

3. 7 June of Lanchow Univ - - - - - 1

4. RG Rebel Hqs of PLA Plant 7223 - - - - - 1

5. Red Hqs of Lanchow Municipal CCP Ctte - - - - - 1

6. Kansu Red Rebel 3rd GHQ (est late August 1967; most important group) - - - - -

8

Member groups:

Red Long March Regiment

"Red-Hearts-Face-the-Sun" Battle Troops of the

Revy Rebel Squadron of the Tsunyi Commune

Lanchow Univ Red Flag Regiment

3 September Hqs

Lanchow Medical Coll Red Eagles United Battle Regiment

Lanchow Chinese Academy of Sciences Institutions

3rd Hqs of Provincial Offices

3rd Hqs of Municipal Offices

3rd Hqs of Univs & Colls

3rd Hqs of Primary Schools

3rd Hqs of Industry and Communications

Lanchow (con't)Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel GroupsOpponentsSupporters**Outside Allies of Kansu Red Rebel 3rd GHQ:**

Tsinghai 18 August

Peking RG Congress

Peking Aviation Red Flag

Tsinghua Chingkangshan

26 August of Szechwan Univ

**7. Kansu Red Rebel Liaison Ctte (hung-lien)**

(conducted self-criticism for past errors in  
opposing 3rd Hqs. Restored to favor. This  
group may be PLA. A 9 September 1967 Kansu  
Provincial Service broadcast referred to the  
Rebel Liaison Ctte of Lanchow Military Region  
Units)

**8. Lanchow "GPCR" Workers' Jt Battle Hqs - - - - -**

6

Liuyuan

- |     |  |       |
|-----|--|-------|
| 9.  | 18th Hqs (branch of Tibet LRH) - - - - -             | 11-14 |
| 10. | Sinkiang Red 2nd Hqs Branch - - - - -                | 11-14 |
| 11. | Revy United Corps<br>(branch of Tibet GAH) - - - - - | 9-10  |
| 12. | Railway "East-is-Red" - - - - -                      | 9-10  |
| 13. | Sinkiang RG August Field Army - - - - -              | 9-10  |
| 14. | Revy Alliance - - - - -                              | 9-10  |

**KIANGSI PROVINCE**

**Chronological Development of Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups:**

late January 1967: "Power seizure" groups (partial listing):

1. Kiangsi Provincial Party Cttee Revy Rebel Corps
2. Chungkangshan RG Hqs of the Kiangsi YCL School
3. Ching kangshan RG Hqs of the Kiangsi Teachers Coll
4. Ching kangshan RG Hqs of the Kiangsi Medical Institute
5. Ching kangshan RG Hqs of the Nanchang (lit. "Red Capital") Machinery Plant
6. Hqs of Kiangsi Univs and Colls' Revy Teachers and Students
7. RG Hqs of Kiangsi Univs and M-Ss
8. RG Hqs of Kiangsi Communism Labor Univ
9. TTOMTT RG Hqs of the Yangtze Navigation School
10. Peking 3rd Hqs Kiangsi Liaison Station
11. Peking Politics and Law RG Squadron
12. Peking RG No. 12 Battle Corps
13. Red Rebel Regiment of the Central Academy of Drama
14. Kangta Battle Corps of Amoy University
15. Harbin Industrial Univ
16. Sian Military Communications Engineering Institute
17. Harbin Military Engineering Coll Red Rebel Corps
18. New Peking Univ Battle Corps
19. Peking Aviation Red Flag Nanchang Liaison Station  
(apparently, the "revy left" organizations were not challenged seriously after January of 1967)

**Following are Groups which Opposed Groups (1) through (19):**

20. 1 August Battle Corps (Kiangsi Univ?)
21. Peasant Scarlet Guards
22. "East-is-Red" Revy Rebel Corps
23. Nanchang Workers Scarlet Guards
24. Nanchang Demobilized and Retired Soldiers Combat Corps

mid-February 1967: several of the above-named organizations, incl the Ching kangshan from the YCL School and the Medical Institute, defended the "power seizure" of the previous month and criticized unidentified "ultra-leftists" who demanded a reorganization of the "revolutionary left".

**Kiangsi Province (cont.)**

**Chronological Development (cont.)**

late August 1967: various Chingkangshan RG Hqs continued to be the major organizations sanctioned by Kiangsi civil and military authorities. Also, many had the support of the New Peking Univ Commune (statements of 8 April and 4 Sept 1967) and Tibet LRH (December 1967).

September 1967: Kiangsi Great Alliance Prep Group noted. It, too, was supported by the New Peking Univ Commune and Tibet LRH.

1 October 1967: participants in Nanchang National Day Parade included "a 2,000-strong Chingkangshan force with guns in their hands."

January 1968: RG Hqs of Kiangsi Univs and M-Ss held first political work conference.

20 March 1968: "ultra-leftist" group, the "Completely Red" (wan-shan hung-pien) of Kiangsi Medical Institute, condemned for underground "splittist" activities, and for opposing the RG Hqs of Kiangsi Universities and M-Ss. "Completely Red" not previously noted.

## KIANGSU PROVINCE

<u>Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups</u>	<u>Opponents</u>	<u>Supporters</u>
<u>Nanking</u>		
1. Kiangsu 26 January ("power seizure" group) - - - - -	6	2,3,5
2. Ching kangshan Rebel Corps of the Nanking Engineering Institute - - - - -		1
3. Kiangsu Provincial Red Rebel Hqs - - - - -	4	1
4. Workers Scarlet Guards (Fierce fighting broke out in August 1967 between (3) and (4) followed by unsuccessful negotiations in Peking. Renewed violence occurred in December 1967 - - - - -)	3	6
5. Kiangsu Provincial Workers' Red Rebel Hqs. ("corrupted by economism"; later reformed under the same name) - - - - -		1
6. 27 August of Nanking Univ (claimed "power seizure" was ineffectual) - - - - -	1	4,7
7. "East-is-Red" (nfi) - - - - -	1	6

CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS:

early February 1968: competing factions form Workers' RGA Jt Ctte.

10 March 1968: Nanking workers' and RG organizations invited Lhasa GAH to send representatives to celebrate the forthcoming establishment of the Provincial Revy Ctte.

23 March 1968: Kiangsu Provincial Revy Ctte and Nanking Municipal Revy Ctte est. The Workers' RGA Jt. Ctte pledged support.

Soochow

8. Revy Faction (ko-pai) - - - - -	9
9. Support Faction (chih-pai) - - - - -	8
(Fierce fighting broke out between (8) and (9) in August 1967)	

Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups

Opponents

Supporters

Wu-hsi

- 10. 26 June Regiment of Wu-hsi Long March Univ
- 11. 5 July Rebel Regiment of Wu-hsi No. 2 M-S  
(Both (10) and (11) supported by the New  
Peking Univ Commune as indicated in a  
statement of 13 May 1967)

25X1

25X1

KIRIN PROVINCE

<u>Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups</u>	<u>Opponents</u>	<u>Supporters</u>
1. Changchun RG 2nd Hqs - - - - -	4	
2. RG Revy Ctte		
3. East Wind Militant Corps of the Industry and Communications Department of the Kirin Party Ctte		
4. "Royalist ruffians" (including a "small group of splittists from 2nd Headquarters." - - - - -	1	

CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS:

mid-August 1967: revy rebels of Kirin Provincial Federation of Trade Unions effected RGA.

25 August 1967: Changchun Army-people unity rally attended by:  
 Changchun RG 2nd Hqs  
 (supported by New Peking Univ Commune and by (Tibet) LRH)  
 RG Revy Ctte  
 Changchun People's Commune  
 (supported by LRH)  
 "East-is-Red" People's Commune  
 (All declared to be revy mass organization. Any differences among  
 them were "nonantagonistic contradictions stemming from a common  
 interest.")

**KWANGSI CHUANG AUTONOMOUS REGION**

**Chronological Development of Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups:**

26 August 1966: Peking Railroad Institute RGs arrived in Kweilin to attack "local Party authorities." They allied with RGs from Kwangsi Teachers' Coll and opposed "local workers and peasants."

mid-January 1967: the following groups hailed the "power seizure" in Shanghai, condemned "economism," and vowed to "seize power" in Kwangsi:

1. Nanning Workers' Revy Rebel Hqs
2. Nanning Worker-Peasant RG Hqs
3. Kwangsi RG Hqs
4. Nanning Revy Rebel GHQ
5. Revy Rebel Staff of the Kwangsi Daily
6. Kweilin City Workers' RG GHQ
7. Nanning 31 August RGs of TTOMTT
8. Kweilin Teachers' Coll RG Hqs
9. Nanning RGs of TTOMTT Fiery Flame King Kong (sic) Battle Corps
10. Kweilin Coll and M-S Autumn Harvest Uprising Team
11. Wuhan No. 2 and No. 3 Revy Rebel Hqs Liaison Station
12. Peking 3rd Hqs "Southward-bound" Army
13. Revy Rebel Corps of the Kwangsi Medical Coll
14. Linchou Revy Rebel RG Liaison Station
15. Kweilin "Nanning-bound" 1 August RG Revy Rebel Corps
16. Nanning Revy Rebel Liaison Station
17. Nanning 22 April Rebel Army

Following groups active end 1967-early 1968:

18. Proletarian RG GHQ
19. "Defend-the-East" Corps of the Agricultural Front
20. Red Guard Liaison Dept
21. Political Propaganda Dept of the Wuchow-Municipal United Cttee  
(Groups (18) through (21) opposed Wuchow 22 April Rebel Army & Central-South Ching kangshan)

Kwangsi Chuang Autonomous Region (cont.)

Chronological Development (cont.)

4 September 1967: New Peking Univ Commune announced support for Nanning  
22 April, Nanning 31 August RGs and their allies in Kweilin.

mid-January 1968: 22 April Workers' GHQ scheduled first congress. They  
invited Tibet LRH to attend.

17 February 1968: contending factions in Wuchow concluded a seven-point  
agreement.

25 March 1968: Nanning Municipal RG Congress opened.

25X1

25X1

KWANGTUNG PROVINCE

Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups (partial listing):

Red Flag - aka Workers' Revy Alliance (kung-ko-lien) since Fall 1967.  
(anti-Huang Yung-sheng and East Wind)

Major components:

1. Chungshan Univ Red Flag  
(including 31 August Red Flag)
2. Chung Hua Red Flag  
(students from South China Engineering Institute)
3. Canton Medical Coll Red Flag  
(Groups (1) through (3) collectively known as the "Three Red Flags."  
Early September 1966, these groups, especially Chung Hua, opposed  
Peking RG domination of Canton Cultural Revolution activity)
4. 1 August Combat Corps  
(comprised of soldiers, workers and M-S students)
5. Young Intellectuals-to-the-Countryside Rebel Hqs  
(urban youths who had returned from rural areas during the GPCR)
6. Canton Combat Corps  
(M-S students)
7. Red Hqs  
(M-S teachers)
8. Red Flag of Provincial Governmental Organs  
(lower-ranking cadres)
9. Canton Railway Workers' Hqs
10. Canton 3rd Hqs  
(physical education students)
11. Red Flag Pocr and L-M Peasants  
(relatively small)
12. Red Flag of Canton Municipal Governmental Organs  
(lower-ranking cadres)
13. Seamen's GHQ
14. Public Security Red Flag Revy Rebel Hqs
15. Central-South Forestry College Red Flag
16. New 1st Hqs  
(M-S students)
17. Eastern Red Flag (aka Red Orient?)  
(M-S students. Possibly a rebel faction within the  
Soldiers of Mao's Principles)
18. Huanan Agricultural Institute Red Flag

Kwangtung Province (cont.)

Major components /Red Flag/ (cont.)

19. Literature and Arts Red Flag
20. Communications and Transport Red Flag
21. Anti-Spring Thunder
22. Pearl River "East-is-Red"  
(movie studio workers)
23. New Ground Command  
(split with ti-tsung)
24. 16 May Red Flag  
(mentioned in a leaflet describing an incident at the Canton  
Experimental School on 1 August 1967)
25. South China Teachers' Coll Red Flag
26. Finance & Trade Red Flag

Outside Allies of Red Flag:

1. Hunan Hsiang River Thunderstorm
2. Honan 7 February Commune
3. Wuhan Three Steels
4. Tibet LRH
5. Peking Aviation Red Flag
6. Harbin Military Engineering Institute Red Rebel Corps
7. Tsinghua Chingkangshan
8. New Peking Univ Commune

East Wind - aka Workers' Revy Association (kung-ko-hui) since Fall 1967.  
(anti-Red Flag)

Major components:

1. Ground Command (ti-tsung: local GHQ)  
(predominantly adult factory workers, together with some demobilized  
soldiers and a few students from Chungshan and other univs)
2. Red GHQ (hung-tsung)  
(factory workers mainly drawn from smaller factories and work  
shops, plus some students)

Kwangtung Province (cont.)

Major components /East Wind/ (cont.)

3. Canton Suburbs Poor and L-M Peasants United Command
4. Soldiers of Mao's Principles (chu-i ping: Doctrine Guards)  
(M-S students, many of whom are children of Party and military officials who had been attacked by Red Flag factions. One SMP leader reported to be the son of Huang Yung-sheng. Apparently, SMP was once a part of the United Action Ctte.)
5. Red 1st Hqs  
(physical education students)
6. United Hqs of Provincial Governmental Organs  
(ranking municipal and provincial cadres)
7. Spring Thunder  
(railway workers)
8. Five Lakes/Four Seasons (aka Support the Farmers Youth?)  
(urban young men who had returned from rural areas)
9. Women's Army Defense Corps  
(urban young women who had returned from rural areas)
10. Million Brave Lions  
(adult workers from Wuhan. Name of this group is similar to the Million Heroes, pai-wan hsiung-shih, only the final character has been changed)
11. Public Security 25 January
12. Chung Hua Revy Rebel Ctte  
(students from South China Engineering Institute)
13. Pearl River Combat Soldiers Regiment
14. 13 August (nfi)

Factions of Uncertain Alignment:

1. Red Sea Party  
(fishermen, probably Red Flag?)
2. Red Garrison Hqs  
[redacted]
3. True Reason Party  
(unaffiliated)  
[redacted]

**Kwangtung Province (cont.)**

**Factions of Uncertain Alignment (cont.):**

4. New Workers' Alliance Friendship Association  
(unaffiliated, but attacked by Red Flag. This group was set up  
in September 1967 by Military Control Commission to hasten return of  
weapons)
5. TTOMTT Little RGs  
(primary school students)
6. Rambler Faction (hsiao-yao pai)  
(unaffiliated; stayed out of armed clashes)
7. Counter-Persecution Combat Team  
(cadres)
8. Autumn Harvest Revolution Combat Team (cadres)
9. Canton Refiners  
(steelworkers)
10. Chingkangshan  
(farmers)

## KWEICHOW PROVINCE

Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel GroupsOpponents

1. Kweichow TTOMTT 18 August Corps  
(backed by Provincial Revy Ctte. Professed  
to take Tsinghai 18 August as exemplar) - - - - - 15-20
  2. Kweichow Revy Rebel GHQ - - - - - 15-20
  3. Kweichow TTOMTT Political-Legal Troops GHQ - - - - - 15-20
  4. Kweichow Cotton Textile Mill 1 March Combat Corps - - - 15-20
  5. Public Security 13 January Combat Corps - - - - - 15-20
  6. United Front Revy Rebel Liaison Station - - - - - 15-20
  7. Kweichow Univ RGs - - - - - 15-20
  8. Kweiyang Normal Coll RGs - - - - - 15-20
  9. Kweiyang No. 1 M-S RGs - - - - - 15-20
  10. 6 June Combat Corps of the Kweiyang RG Congress - - - 15-20
  11. Kweiyang People's Motor Vehicle Co. 1 August  
Combat Corps - - - - - 15-20
  12. Kweichow Industrial Engineering Institute 15  
September Combat Corps - - - - - 15-20
  13. Kweichow RG Congress  
(16 Colls and M-Ss) - - - - - 15-20
  14. Kweichow Medical Coll 7 March - - - - - 15-20
- (Groups (1) through (14) anti-Chia Chi-yun and  
pro-Kweichow Military District)
15. Kweichow Industrial Engineering Institute 11 April  
(opposed Kweichow Military District officials) - - - - 1-14
  16. Kweichow Red Star Tractor Plant 11 April - - - - - 1-14
  17. Kweiyang M-Ss 11 April - - - - - 1-14
  18. Kweiyang Steel Works 11 April - - - - - 1-14
  19. Kweiyang People's Motor Vehicle Co. 11 April - - - - - 1-14
  20. Kweiyang Peking Opera Troupe 11 April  
(August-September 1967: various 11 April groups  
disbanded) - - - - - 1-14
  21. Invincible Combat Corps - - - - - 22
  22. Norman Bethune Combat Corps - - - - - 21

31 August 1967: Kweichow Workers' Revy Rebel Hqs est; supported by New  
Peking Univ commune (4 September 1967)

Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups in Liaoning:

Opponents

Shenyang (Mukden) Agricultural Coll RG  
Shenyang Engineering Institute RG  
Shenyang Medical Coll RG  
Liaoning Coll of Traditional Medicine RG  
Shenyang RG GHQ of Univs and M-Ss  
unidentified Peking RGs  
unidentified Harbin RGs  
unidentified Changchun RGs

mid-September 1966: the above groups attended an oath-taking ceremony in Shenyang.

1. Liaoning Revy Rebel Great Alliance Ctte (liao-lien)  
(est 16 February 1967; reorganized April 1967;  
pro- Sung Jen-chiung) - - - - - 2,3

Member groups:

TTOMTT RG Shenyang GHQ (students)  
TTOMTT RG Shenyang Tough-bone Rebel Gen  
Regiment (workers)  
TTOMTT Workers' Revy Rebel Army  
Liming Company Revy Rebel Regiment  
(workers)  
Provincial Party Ctte Revy Rebel Liaison Hqs  
Shenyang Municipal People's Council Red  
Rebel Regiment  
Northeast Bureau /Party/ Organs Red Revy Rebel  
Regiment  
Provincial People's Council and Shenyang  
Municipal Party Ctte Revy Coordination Hqs

Outside supporters:

(Hunan) Hsiang River Thunderstorm  
(Hunan) 7 February Commune  
Wuhan Steel 2nd Hqs  
Kiangsi Great Alliance Prep Group  
Chengtu Workers' Revy Rebel Corps  
Szechwan Univ 26 August

**Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups**

**Opponents**

**Supporters**

**Liaoning Revy Rebel Great Alliance Ctte (cont.)**

**Outside supporters (cont.):**

Tientsin Univ 13 August  
Shanghai Chiaotung "Rebel-to-the-End"  
Peking Geology "East-is-Red"  
Tsinghua Chingkangshan 414 (14 April)  
Harbin Military Engineering Institute Red  
Rebel Corps  
(Tibet) LRH

2. TTOMTT 31 August Revy Rebel GHQ  
(est 30 January 1967; reorganized 5 June  
1967; anti-Sung Jen-chiung) - - - - - 1,3

**Member groups:**

Liaoning Univ 31 August (split with Shenyang  
RG GHQ)  
1 August Rebel Column (workers)  
31 August Workers' United Hqs  
31 August of the Provincial People's Council  
(cadres)

**Outside supporters:**

Tsinghua Chingkangshan  
Peking Aviation Red Flag  
Harbin Industrial Institute Great Red Rebel Corps  
Changchun People's Commune  
New Peking Univ Commune

3. Liaoning Prol Revy Liaison Station  
(est 19 May 1967; anti-Sung Jen-chiung) - - - - - 1,2

**Member groups:**

North East Engineering Institute Red Flag  
Rebel Regiment  
Liaoning Univ RG  
Liaoning Normal Coll  
Red Workers  
1 August RG Army (workers)  
Public Security Front  
Education RGs (cadres)  
Provincial Party Ctte Red Hqs

**Liaoning Province (cont.)**

**29 July 1967: Chen Chac-kun, "political officer" of the PLA in Shenyang,**

25X1

25X1

25X1

**NINGHSIA HUI AUTONOMOUS REGION**

**Chronological Development of Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups:**

**Ningshia Prol Revolutionaries Gen Command**  
(noted in August and October 1967; supported by PLA)

**mid-October 1967:** the "three organizations" (unnamed) of the Yinchuan Woolen Textile Mill effected a great alliance.

**mid-October 1967:** the "eleven organizations" (unnamed) of the Yinchuan Tractor Spare Parts Plant split by "small-group mentality and mountain-top-ism."

**early February 1968:** reference made to unnamed RG groups in Yinchuan, Shihtsushan, Wuchung and Chingtunghsia.

**early February 1968:** the "various factions" of the Shihtsushan No. 1 Coal Mine effected a great alliance.

**early February 1968:** the "two factions" of the Ningshia Construction Company effected a great alliance.

**late February 1968:** Yinchuan Workers-Peasants Congress noted.

**PEKING**

**Major Peking Red Guard Groups (by institution)**

- I. Peking Aviation Institute (apparently closest to Mao and Lin Piao)**  
23 December 1966: nine groups merged and formed the Peking  
Aviation Revy Rebel Ctte:

1. Red Flag
2. "East-is-Red"
3. Red Worker-Soldiers
4. Red Teacher-Workers
5. Discharged Soldiers RGs
6. TTOMTT RGs
7. 18 August RGs
8. RG Rebel Corps
9. Red Army Successors

(The above nine groups opposed by Peking Aviation 1 August  
Corps and Peking Aviation TTOMTT Scarlet Guards)

**Outside Allies:**

Chengtuo RG  
Wuhan Workers TTOMTT RGs  
1 August of East China Engineering Institute

**II. Tsinghua University**

1. Ching kangshan Combat Corps  
(led by Kuai Ta-fu, Deputy Head of the Peking RG Congress  
and member of the Peking Municipal Revy Ctte's Standing Ctte)
2. Ching kangshan 14 April  
(this group opposed the Combat Corp (1); anti-Kuai Ta-fu)

**III. (New) Peking Univ RGs (hsin pei-ta)**

(New Peking Univ Commune led by Madame Nieh Yuan-tzu, Instructor of  
Philosophy at Peita and member of the Peking Municipal Revy Ctte's  
Standing Ctte. It was long praised as the exemplar for other RGs.  
This group opposed by Peking Geological Institute "East-is-Red"  
and by New Peking Univ Ching kangshan)

**IV. Peking Geological Institute "East-is-Red"**  
(ally of Peking Aviation Red Flag)

Peking (cont.)

V. People's Univ (jen-ta)

1. Jen-ta Commune
2. Jen-ta Three Red Flags  
(this group opposed (1), Jen-ta Commune)

VI. Peking Normal Coll

1. East-is-Red
2. Chingkangshan

CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS:

25 August 1966: RG Control Squads or Investigation Teams (chiu-cha tui) first noted. They were apparently divided into three sections in Peking: East City, West City, and Institutes of Higher Learning. Leading members were children of ranking officials.

September 1966: the appearance of three RG Hqs:

- 1st Hqs - full name: Capital Univs and Colls RG 1st Hqs  
(soon active in Shanghai and Kweichow; little influence after early November 1966)
- 2nd Hqs - full name: 2nd Hqs Revy Rebel Liaison Station  
(strongest during early November 1966; backed by a faction of Peking Geology "East-is-Red"; opposed by Peking Aviation Red Flag)
- 3rd Hqs - full name: Capital RG Third Hqs  
(emerged as the most powerful organization, with Peking Univ, Tsinghua and Peking Aviation among its members; active in Shanghai during December 1966-January 1967)

1 October 1966: RG Control Squads reportedly disbanded; certain activities continued, however, under the title of United Action Ctte (lien-tung), a nation-wide RG organization.

23 December 1966: Chou En-lai demanded Peking RG consolidation at a meeting of 1st, 2nd and 3rd Hqs.

17 January 1967: Madame Mao spoke to meetings of 1st, 2nd and 3rd Hqs, apparently to attempt consolidation.

Peking (cont.)

**CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS (cont.):**

**18 January 1967:** Peking "power seizure" groups noted (partial listing):

1. Peking Aviation Red Flag
  2. Tsinghua Univ Ching kangshan Combat Corps
  3. Peking Univ (nfi)
  4. Peking Geological Institute "East-is-Red"
  5. First Ministry of Machine Building Revy Rebel Liaison Ctte
  6. Peking Technicians and Workers Revy Rebel Hqs
  7. Peking Technicians and Workers Red Rebel Gen Liaison Station
- (The above groups formed the "Grasp Revolution, Stimulate Spring Cultivation Firing Line Command Post." This Command Post was supported by the Central CRG, Hsieh Fu-chih, etc.)

**22 February 1967:** The three RG Hqs dissolved. Member groups were incorporated into the Capital Univs and Colls RG Congress.

**February 1967:** United Action Ctte outlawed; 139 members arrested.

**22 April 1967:** Imprisoned United Action Ctte members released and pardoned on Mao's order; the organization was still outlawed.

**Groups Affiliated with the Outlawed May 16 Corps**

1. New Peking Univ 16 May Commune
2. Peking Broadcasting Institute Peking Commune 16 May Combat Corps
3. Peking Commerce Institute "Fighting a Decisive Battle" Group
4. Peking Commerce Institute 16 May
5. Peking Foreign Languages Institute No. 2 Capital RGs
6. Peking Foreign Languages Institute 16 June
7. unidentified Shenyang group
8. Peking Commerce Institute Red Rebel Army
9. Peking Iron and Steel Institute Yen'an Commune
10. Changsha No. 1 M-S
11. Peking Agricultural Institute 16 May
12. (some members of) Peking Normal Coll Ching kangshan
13. Peking Iron and Steel Institute 16 May
14. Tsinghua 14 April
15. Ministry of Foreign Affairs Revy Rebel Liaison Station (possible affiliate)
16. (some students at) Harbin Heilungkiang Univ
17. 4th Hqs of the Academy of Sciences' Department of Philosophy and Social Sciences

Peking (cont.)

Capital Universities and Colleges Red Guard Congress:

1. Peking Forestry Institute "East-is-Red"
2. Peking Post & Telecommunications Institute "East-is-Red"
3. Peking Industrial Institute "East-is-Red"
4. Peking Agricultural Institute "East-is-Red"
5. Central Finance Institute 8 August Combat Corps
6. Peking Normal Coll Chingkangshan
7. Peking Geological Institute "East-is-Red"
8. Peking Agricultural Machinery Institute "East-is-Red"
9. Peking Normal Coll "East-is-Red"
10. Central Nationalities Institute "East-is-Red"
11. Hopeh-Peking Normal Coll "East-is-Red"
12. Peking Second Medical Coll "East-is-Red"
13. Peking Economics Institute "East-is-Red"
14. Peking Industrial Institute "East-is-Red"
15. Peking Chemical Fibres Institute "East-is-Red"
16. Peking Electric Power Design and Planning Institute "East-is-Red"
17. Peking Foreign Trade Institute New "East-is-Red"
18. Peking Mechanical Engineering Institute "East-is-Red"
19. Peking Mining Institute "East-is-Red" "Rebel-to-the-End" RGs
20. Peking Cinema Institute "East-is-Red" TTOMTT Commune
21. Peking Political Science and Law Institute Commune
22. Peking Medical Coll 18 August RG Hqs
23. Peking Medical Coll Red Flag Commune
24. Peking Economics Institute Red Flag Commune
25. People's Univ Commune
26. Peking Light Industrial Institute 29 July Corps
27. Peking Architectural Engineering 1 August Combat Corps
28. Peking Petroleum Institute Taching Commune
29. Peking Foreign Language Institute Red Flag Rebel Corps
30. Peking Commerce Institute Red Rebel Army
31. Peking Chemical Engineering Institute Red Flag Commune
32. Peking Physical Education Institute TTOMTT RGs
33. Peking Foreign Languages Technical School Red Combat Corps
34. Peking Foreign Languages Technical School Revy Rebel Army
35. Commercial Administration Technical Institute Revy Corps (15 April Combat Corps)
36. China Dance Institute Red Flag Corps
37. Peking Agricultural Labor Univ "East-is-Red" Commune 15 April Combat Corps

Peking (cont.)

Capital Univs and Colls RG Congress (cont.)

38. Central Fine Arts Institute Prairie Fire Combat Corps
39. Peking Medical Coll Red Flag Combat Corps
40. Central Music Institute TTOMTT Combat Corps
41. Peking Meteorological Technical Institute TTOMTT Combat Corps
42. Peking Broadcasting Institute 16 May Combat Corps
43. Peking Mechanical Engineering Institute Red Flag
44. Central Drama Institute TTOMTT Combat Corps
45. Returned Students Tsunyi Corps
46. Linguistics Institute "East-is-Red"
47. Peking Chemical Engineering Institute "East-is-Red"
48. Peking Foreign Languages Institute No. 2 Capital RGs
49. Peking Broadcasting Institute "East-is-Red"
50. Peking Railroad Institute Chingkangshan
51. Peking Iron & Steel Institute Yen'an Commune
52. Peking Foreign Trade Institute "East-is-Red" Anti-Revisionism Corps
53. New Peking Univ "East-is-Red" Commune
54. New Peking Univ 16 May Commune
55. New Peking Univ Chingkangshan
56. New Peking Univ Red Flag Flying
57. Peking Medical Coll Long March
58. Peking Foreign Languages Institute "East-is-Red"
59. Peking Machine Tool Institute Red Flag
60. Peking Aviation Red Flag
61. People's Univ Three Red Flags
62. Chinese Academy of Sciences RG GHQ
63. Peking Institute of Science and Technology "East-is-Red"
64. Peking Light Industrial Institute Red Eagles
65. Peking Machine-Building Institute "East-is-Red"
66. Peking Opera Institute Red Flag
67. Peking Chemical Fibres Institute Red Flag
68. Peking International Relations Institute TTOMTT RG

## SHANGHAI

<u>Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups</u>	<u>Opponents</u>	<u>Supporters</u>
1. Shanghai RG Hqs (est August 1966 and supported by the Shanghai Municipal Ctte. Last noted in late October 1966 when accused of being a "Protect the Emperor Party" that defended Tsao Ti-chiu.)		
2. Shanghai Univs and Colls RG Revy Ctte (est in October 1966 and based at Futan Univ)		
3. Shanghai RG Revy Rebel Ctte (est in late November 1966; said to accept the authority of Chiang Ching) - - - - -		4-13
4. Shanghai Workers' Revy Rebel GHQ (first mentioned in posters in October 1966; praised in Peking NCNA dispatch broadcast 29 August 1967) - - - - -		3
5. Shanghai Revy Rebel RG Army (est in October 1966; ex-servicemen) - - - - -		3
6. Shanghai Publishers' Revy Rebel Hqs (est in October 1966) - - - - -		3
7. Red Workers' Rebel Hqs (est in October 1966; casual workers) - - - - -		3
8. Shanghai Literature and Art Circles Revy Rebel Hqs -	9	3
9. Shanghai Literature and Art Circles Proletarian Revy Hqs (inactive after November 1966) - - - - -	8	3
10. Chingkangshan Army - - - - -		3
11. Long March Army - - - - -		3
12. Tsunyi Army - - - - - (Groups (10) through (12) members not military personnel)		3
13. Shanghai Farm Workers' Revy Rebel Hqs - - - - -		3
14. Scarlet Workers Guards (("personal tool" of Chen Pi-hsien and Tsao Ti-chiu)		
15. Joint Hqs of the Shanghai Diesel Engine Works (lien-szu) (Groups (14) and (15) both dissolved as "conservative" by the Shanghai Municipal Revy Ctte)		
16. Shanghai Physical Culture Hqs (This group and other unidentified organizations approved by the Shanghai Municipal Revy Ctte; see <u>Wen-hui pao</u> , 27 December 1967.)		

## Shanghai (cont.)

<u>Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups</u>	<u>Opponents</u>	<u>Supporters</u>
17. Long March Corps of Liberation Publishing House		
18. Revy Rebel Hqs of Shanghai People's Publishing House		
19. Revy Rebel Corps of Shanghai Cultural Publishing House		
(Groups (17) through (19) approved by the Municipal Revy Ctte on 14 March 1968)		
20. Revy Rebel Corps of Shanghai Writers Assn.		
21. Revy Rebel Corps of Shanghai Drama Academy		
22. United Command of Shanghai Publishing Dept		
(Groups (20) through (22) approved by the Municipal Revy Ctte on 16 March 1968)		

Following were "Power-seizure groups" (9 January 1967):

1. Shanghai Workers' Revy Rebel GHQ
2. Shanghai Workers' Returned-from-the-North Second Corps  
(anti-Keng Chin-chang)
3. Shanghai Univs and Colls RG Revy Ctte
4. Shanghai Revy Rebel RG Army
5. Shanghai Municipal Party Ctte Organs Revy Rebel Liaison Station
6. Shanghai Journalist Revy Rebels
7. Shanghai Sports Front Revy Rebels
8. Shanghai Medical Circles Revy Rebels
9. Shanghai Pharmaceutical Workers Revy Rebels
10. Shanghai Paper Mill Workers Revy Rebels
11. Shanghai Apprentice Workers Revy Rebels
12. Shanghai Revy Apprentices Rebel Army Third Column
13. Shanghai Publishers Revy Rebel Hqs
14. Shanghai Primary School Teachers Revy Rebel GHQ
15. Shanghai Workers' Rebel Alliance
16. Shanghai RG Revy Rebel Ctte
17. Shanghai "Bombard-the-Hqs" Alliance
18. Shanghai Univ and Colls Scarlet Guard Army (chih-wei chun) Revy Ctte

Shanghai (cont.)

"Power-seizure groups" (cont.)

19. Northeast Regional Command of TTOMTT RGs
20. Shanghai "Rebel-to-the-End" General Liaison Hqs
21. Shanghai Workers' Anting Corps
22. Shanghai Workers' Returned-from-the-North Third Corps
23. Huangpu District Command of the Nationalities Rebel Hqs
24. Tungchi Univ TTOMTT RGs "East-is-Red" GHQ
25. Shanghai First Medical Coll Revy Rebel Alliance Hqs
26. Shanghai Chiaotung Univ Revy Rebel Command
27. Shanghai Chiaotung Univ "Rebel-to-the-End" Corps
28. Capital 3rd Hqs Shanghai Liaison Station
29. Harbin Military Engineering Institute Red Rebel Corp Shanghai Liaison Station
30. Sian Military Telecommunications Engineering Institute Provisional Cultural Revolutionary Cttee Shanghai Liaison Station
31. Peking Aviation Red Flag Shanghai Liaison Station
32. Tsinghua Chingkangshan Shanghai Liaison Station

CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS:

17 February 1967: Shanghai Public Security Bureau declared the following two groups to be c-revy: Red Flag Army Shanghai GHQ and Red Flag Army First Column Shanghai GHQ. Members of these groups were workers, peasants and disabled, rehabilitated, demobilized and discharged servicemen.

**Shanghai (cont.)**

**Chronology of Events (cont.)**

**mid-September 1967:** Shanghai revy workers organizations realized RGA.  
Also in mid-September, Shanghai univs and colls realized RGA.  
(Chiaotung, Futan and Shanghai Normal were cited by name.)

25X1

**17 November 1967:** Shanghai Univs and Colls RG Congress est.

25X1

**30 December 1967:** Shanghai M-Ss RG Congress est.

25X1

**SHANSI PROVINCE**

**Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups:**

**Shansi Revy Rebel GHQ**  
**(est 14 January 1967)**

**Member groups:**

**Shansi Revy Workers**  
**Shansi Worker-Peasant Jt Alliance Revy Rebel GHQ**  
**Shansi Red Rebel Liaison Station's Taiyuan Workers' Forever**  
**Red Combat Detachment**  
**Peihang Po-huo Corps (Peking Aviation Spread-Fire Corps?)**  
**Shansi Sports Circles TTOMTT RG Corps**  
**Taiyuan Primary School Teachers Revy Rebel Liaison GHQ**  
**Shansi Revy Rebel Corps**  
**Shansi Red Rebel Alliance**  
**Shansi Red Rebel Liaison Station's "Seize-the-Beast"**  
**(pu lieh) Brigade**  
**Pei-nung-chi All-Conquering Column**  
**Shansi Daily Revy Rebel Army**  
**Dauntless Combat Column of the Shansi Provincial Ctte**  
**Organs of the YCL**  
**Shansi Revy Workers Field Corps**  
**Shansi Medical & Health Revy Rebel GHQ**  
**Shansi Revy Cadres Rebel Corps**  
**Peking Revy Rebel Brigade in Shansi**  
**Shansi East Wind Revy Rebel Corps**  
**Taiyuan Municipal Party Ctte Organs Red Flag Combat Team**  
**Taiyuan Revy Rebel Hqs**  
**Capital-Bound Revy Rebel Army (unclear whether reference**  
**is to Taiyuan or Peking)**  
**Shansi Anti-Revisionist Corps**  
**Shansi Red Revy Rebel Corps**  
**Shansi Peasants' Revy Rebel Corps**  
**Shansi Yen'an Literature and Art Corps**  
**Taiyuan Fourth Liberation Army**

**Shansi Province (cont.)**

**CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS:**

**1 August 1967:** Peking Normal Coll Chingkangshan supported Provincial Revy Ctte and Shansi Revy Rebel Corps; apparently attacked the "Seize-the-Beast" Brigade as "ultra-leftist" for attacking Liu Ko-ping.

**30 August 1967:** Taiyuan Revy Rebel Hqs praised in Shansi Provincial Service broadcast.

**4 September 1967:** Shansi Provincial Revy Ctte supported by New Peking Univ Commune.

**9 December 1967:** (Tibet) LRH supported Shansi Provincial Revy Ctte and Taiyuan Revy Rebel Hqs.

25X1

25X1

**SHANTUNG PROVINCE**

**Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups:**

**Tsingtao "Power-seizure groups" (22 January 1967):**

1. Tsingtao "East-is-Red"
2. Tsingtao Light Industry Branch, National Revy Rebel RG Liaison GHQ
3. Tsingtao Chemical Industry Revy Workers Liaison GHQ
4. Tsingtao 1 August Revy Rebels
5. Railway Ministry's Szu-fang Rollingstock Plant Worker-Student Hqs
6. Shantung Provincial Revy Workers GHQ Tsingtao Liaison Station  
(Declared c-revy on 3 February 1967 by Provincial Revy Ctte)
7. Shantung Animal Products Industry Red Rebel Liaison GHQ
8. Tsingtao Municipal Food Bureau TTOMTT Combat Team
9. Tsingtao Revy Worker-Peasant Rebel Army Liaison GHQ
10. Tsingtao Post and Telecommunications Bureau "East-is-Red" Combat Corps
11. Tsingtao "East-is-Red" Laoshan Commune's Tsunyi Commune
12. Tsingtao Univs and M-Ss RG Liaison GHQ
13. Tsingtao Medical Coll "East-is-Red" Commune
14. Shantung Oceanographic Institute Chungnanhai Corps
15. Shantung Chemical Institute Revy Rebels
16. Tsingtao No. 1 Commerce Institute Revy Rebels
17. Tsingtao Aviation Institute Revy Rebels
18. Tsingtao Literary and Art Circles Revy Rebel Liaison Hqs
19. Tsingtao Public Security Bureau Revy Rebel Liaison Hqs
20. Tsingtao Revy Cadres Rebel Liaison GHQ
21. Tsingtao Revy Rebel Corps of Students from Other Areas
22. TTCMTT RG Anti-Revisionist Combat Corps of Lu Hsun Univ  
(formerly Shantung Univ)

**CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS:**

2 May 1967: Shantung Univs, Colls and M-Ss RG Congress est. Representatives from unidentified RG organizations in Peking, Shansi and Heilungkiang attended. Members included Shantung Teachers Coll, Engineering Institute, Medical Coll, Finance and Economics Institute, Chinese Medical Coll and East China Mining Institute.

**Shantung Province (cont.)**

**Chronology of Events (cont.)**

- 5 August 1967: mass rally in Tsinan attended by:  
Shantung Provincial Revy Workers Rebel Gen Command  
Shantung Provincial RG GHQ  
Shantung Literature and Art Circles Revy Rebel RGs  
Shantung Poor and L-M Peasants Revy Rebel GHQ  
(These four organizations, together with the Shantung Univs, Colls, and M-Ss  
RG Congress, remained active and in good favor as of mid-March 1968.)
- 14 August 1967: above-named organizations, together with the Shantung Univs,  
Colls and M-Ss RG Congress, sent messages of congratulations to Tsinghai  
Provincial Revy Ctte and Tsinghai 18 August.
- 23 August 1967: Tsinan PLA and Provincial Revy Ctte reaffirmed ban on  
Shantung Provincial Revy Workers GHQ.
- 24 August 1967: Shantung Engineering Institute Ching kangshan praised by Tsinan  
PLA.
- 27 August 1967: United Association (lien-ho hui) condemned by Provincial  
Revy Ctte.
- 29 August 1967: Provincial Revy Ctte condemned a "bad handful" from the  
Lu Hsun Univ Revy Ctte for attempting to suppress TTOMTT RG and the  
Red 3 February (nfi).

**SHENSI PROVINCE****Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups****Opponents****Sian**

1. Northwest Posts and Telecommunication (P&T)  
Institute Revy Rebels - - - - - 2
2. P&T Institute Red Long March Corps  
(absolished 11 January 1967; succeeded by the  
Red Long March 2nd Corps. Also operated as the  
Red Literature and Art Rebel Corps and the Red  
Flag Combat Corps) - - - - - 1
3. Hsienyang Tibet Nationalities Institute Red  
Rebel Corps  
(pro-Tibet LRH) - - - - - 4
4. Hsienyang Tibet Nationalities Institute Serfs  
Halberd RGs  
(pro-Tibet GAH) - - - - - 3

**CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS:**

6 October 1967: a "Safeguard Mao Tse-tung and Lin Piao Corps" noted in Sian.

3 November 1967: Yulin Five Greats (Red Industry?) noted in conflict with Red 2nd GHQ. Five Greats were assisted by LRH. (Neither of the Yulin organizations noted previously, although a Red 2nd GHQ has been noted in Urumchi).

24 January 1968: Shensi Univs and Colls RG Congress est (congratulations were extended by the Central CRG)

26 February 1968: Sian M-Ss RG Congress est. (Reported membership of 140,000 RGs).

## SINKIANG UIGHUR AUTONOMOUS REGION

<u>Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups</u>	<u>Opponents</u>
<u>Urumchi</u>	
1. Red 2nd Hqs (aka Sinkiang RG Revy Rebel Hqs)- - - - (Urumchi Univ & M-S students)	6-16
2. Sinkiang Revy Workers Rebel GHQ - - - - - (workers and cadres)	6-16
Outside supporters of groups (1) & (2):	
New Peking Univ Commune	
Peking RG Congress	
(Honan) 7 February Commune	
(Tsinghai) 18 August	
(Huhehot) 3rd Hqs	
(Wuhan) Three Steels	
(Wuhan) Three News	
(Hunan) Hsiang River Thunderstorm	
Shanghai Workers Revy Rebel GHQ	
(Tibet) LRH	
3. Corps Agricultural Rebels - - - - - (Sinkiang Military Region Production-Construction Corps Agricultural Institute Revy Rebel Hqs)	6-16
4. Sinkiang 15 September Revy Rebel Liaison Station - - (est by former members of "conservative" groups such as: Red Revy Jt Ctte, Red Promotion Assn, Red 3rd Hqs and Tien Shan Commune)	6-16
5. Sinkiang Geology Institute "East-is-Red" - - - - - (Groups (1) through (5) anti-Wang En-mao and supported by Tso Chi and Wu Kuang)	6-16
6. Workers Allied Command- - - - - (supported by Sinkiang Military Region)	1-5
7. Sinkiang RG Revy Rebel 1st Hqs - - - - - (anti- Wu Kuang)	1-5
8. Red Promotion Assn - - - - -	1-5
9. Worker-Peasant Revy Ctte - - - - - (successor to the Defense Regiment)	1-5
10. August Field (pa-yeh)- - - - - (Sinkiang Military Region Production-Construction Corps 1 August Field Army)	1-5
11. August Field Jt Gen Command ( <u>lien-tsung</u> ) - - - - - (possibly railway workers)	1-5

Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel GroupsOpponentsUrumchi (cont.)

12. Sinkiang United Action Ctte - - - - -	1-5
(1 August M-S Red Rebel Hqs)	
13. 7th Field Army - - - - -	1-5
14. Red 3rd Hqs - - - - -	1-5
15. Tienshan Commune	
(workers from the Tienshan Dyeing and Weaving Plant?)	
16. Red Revy Jt Ctte - - - - -	1-5

Ili

17. Red 2nd Hqs - - - - -	21-22
18. Workers Rebel Assn - - - - -	21-22
19. Red Rebel Assn - - - - -	21-22
20. Red Artillery - - - - -	21-22
21. August Field - - - - -	17-20
22. 4th Field Army - - - - -	17-20

**CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS:**

2 September 1966: Peking RGs attacked Wang En-mao and invaded Party Ctte Hqs. These RGs were from Tsinghua, International Relations Institute, People's Univ, Peking Univ, Peking Machinery Institute, and two M-Ss. Peking RGs were opposed by local RGs from Sinkiang Univ, Sinkiang Engineering Institute, Sinkiang 1 August (pa-i) Agricultural Institute, Sinkiang Medical Institute, Sinkiang Government and Law Cadre School and Sinkiang Rural Socialist Construction School.

27 October 1966: Sinkiang RG Revy Rebel Hqs est by Sinkiang Party Ctte.

December 1966-March 1967: Chou En-lai received Red 2nd Hqs representatives on nine occasions and declared Red 2nd Hqs to be a revy organization.

1 October 1967: the two main factions held separate National Day celebrations. Saifudin attended one; Kuo Peng, the other.

**Sinkiang (cont.)**

**Chronology of Events (cont.):**

[Redacted]

25X1

25X1

**27 January 1960:** the two factions of Sinkiang railway workers effected a RGA.

25X1

[Redacted]

25X1

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

## SZECHWAN PROVINCE

<u>Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups</u>	<u>Opponents</u>
<u>Chungking</u>	
1. Prolet Workers Revy Rebel Hqs - - - - -	11-12
2. 26 August Combat Corps - - - - - (Szechwan Univ)	11-12
3. 15 September Combat Corps - - - - - (Chungking Communications Institute)	11-12
4. 31 August - - - - - (SW Normal College)	11-12
5. 21 September - - - - - (Municipal Finance and Trade Bureau)	11-12
6. 26 August hang-feng hsi-shu - - - - - (lit., "Projectile of the West Office")	11-12
7. 26 August Ching kangshan - - - - - (members are non-Szechwanese: ch'uan-wai.)	11-12
8. Fierce Tiger Army - - - - -	11-12
9. Chungking M-S RG Hqs - - - - -	11-12
10. Rebel-to-the-End Hqs - - - - - (mostly univ students)	11-12
11. 15 August Combat Corps - - - - - (Chungking Univ)	1-10
12. Chungking Revy Rebel GHQ - - - - - (Groups (11) & (12) claimed to have PLA support.)	1-10
<u>Outside Supporters of Groups (1)-(10):</u>	
Peking Aviation Red Flag	
Tsinghua Ching kangshan	
Peking 3rd Hqs	
New Peking Univ Commune	
Peking Geology "East-is-Red"	
(Tsinghai) 18 August	
(Honan) 7 February Commune	
(Tibet) LRH	

Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel GroupsOpponentsChengtu

13. Workers Revy Rebel Hqs - - - - -	20-23
14. 26 August Combat Corps - - - - -	20-23
(Szechwan Univ)	
15. "East-is-Red" Combat Corps - - - - -	20-23
(Szechwan Univ)	
16. Red Prisoners ( <u>hung chiu-tu</u> )- - - - -	20-23
(revy cadres)	
17. Chengtu Iron 27 - - - - -	20-23
(7 February?)	
18. Red Chengtu - - - - -	20-23
19. Chengtu Poor and L-M Peasants - - - - -	20-23
20. 1 August Red Alliance Industrial Army - - - - -	13-19
21. Defense Brigade ( <u>han-wei tui</u> ) - - - - -	13-19
22. United Action ( <u>lien-tung</u> ) - - - - -	13-19
23. Chengtu Revy Rebel Hqs - - - - -	13-19

Outside Supporters of Groups (13)-(19):

New Peking Univ Commune

Peking Geology "East-is-Red"

Tsinghua Ching kangshan

Peking Institute of Science and Technology

"East-is-Red"

Peking Medical College 18 August

Peking Industrial Institute "East-is-Red"

People's Univ "Three Red Flags"

Peking Light Industrial Institute Red Eagles

Peking Machine-Building Institute "East-is-Red"

Peking Petroleum Institute Taching Commune

Peking Opera Institute Red Flag

Peking Post and Telecommunications Institute

"East-is-Red"

Peking Normal Coll Ching kangshan

Peking Mining Institute "East-is-Red"

Peking Chemical Fibres Institute Red Flag

Peking Physical Education Institute TTOMTT RGs

Peking International Relations Institute TTOMTT RGs

Peking Foreign Languages Institute Red Flag Rebel Corps

Chinese Academy of Sciences RG GHQ

Shanghai Chiaotung Univ Rebel-to-the-End Corps

Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups

Opponents

Outside Supporters of Groups (13-19) (cont.):

Shanghai Tungchi Univ TTOMTT RGs "East-Is  
Red" GHQ

Harbin Military Engineering Institute Red  
Rebel Corps

(Tibet) LRH

(Tsinghai) 18 August

(Honan) 7 February Commune

Ipin and Neichiang

24. Red Flag Combat Corps

25. Vanguard (aka Main Force)

Outside Supporters of Groups (24) and (25)

New Peking Univ Commune

Shanghai Tungchi Univ TTOMTT RGs "East-

Is-Red" GHQ

25X1

25X1

**TIBET**

**LRH** (Lhasa Revy Rebel Hqs) est 22 December 1966 "with the support and encouragement" of the Prairie Fire Combat Corps (this latter group established in early November by Peking RGs from Peking Aviation Red Flag, Tsinghua Ching Kangshan, and Peking Geology "East-is-Red").

25X1

**Headquarters (identified):**

1st Lhasa  
2nd Lhasa (workers)  
3rd Linchi  
5th Yulin (Shensi)  
6th Changtu  
7th Tsetang  
8th Golmo (Tsinghai)  
11th Lhasa  
13th Lhasa (cement plant)  
14th Tingching (or Tungmai)  
16th Nachu  
17th Pomi (aka Chamu)  
18th Liuyuan (Kansu)  
19th Anto  
20th Tienchuan (Szechwan)

**Liaison Stations**

Peking  
Chengtun  
Huhehot  
Lanchow  
Sian  
Sining  
Urumchi

**Supporters (partial listing):**

Peking Aviation Red Flag  
New Peking Univ Ching Kangshan  
Tsinghua Ching Kangshan  
Peking Geology "East-is-Red"  
Peking 3rd Hqs Liaison Station  
Harbin Military Engineering Institute Red Rebel Corps

25X1

LRH

**Supporters (cont.)**

Tsinghai 18 August  
Sinkiang Red 2nd Hqs  
Sinkiang Geology Institute "East-is-Red"  
Peking Univs and Colls RG Congress  
Peking M-Ss RG Congress  
(Szechwan) 26 August  
Huhehot 3rd Hqs  
Hsienyang (Shensi) Tibet Nationalities Institute Red Rebel Corps  
Lhasa Revy Rebel Commune  
Tibet RG Revy Rebel Hqs  
"Special Smash the Local Emperor" Liaison Ctte (Lhasa and Changtu)  
Peking Normal Coll Ching Kangshan  
Changchun (Kirin) People's Commune  
(Honan) 7 February Commune  
(Hunan) Hsiang River Thunderstorm  
Chengtzu Workers Revy Rebel Hqs  
(Kwangsi) 22 April  
(Anhwei) Bombardiers  
(Canton) Red Flag  
Shanghai Workers Revy Rebel GHQ  
(Shanghai) Chiaotung Univ "Rebel-to-the-End" Corps

25X1

25X1

25X1

**GAH** (Great Alliance GHQ of Prol Revy Rebels) est in February 1967 after Tibet Military Region Command imposed martial law. GAH formerly known as Defense Hqs (Lhasa Combat GHQ to Defend TTOMTT, est 28 December 1966).

**Headquarters (identified):**

1st Lhasa  
5th Shigatse  
6th Namulin  
8th Tunhuang (Kansu)  
(unnumbered)  
Ali  
Changtu  
Liuyuan (Kansu)  
Nachu  
Pomi (aka Chamu)  
Shanna

**GAH (cont.)**

**Liaison Stations:**

Peking  
Chengt  
Sining  
Urumchi

**Supporters (partial listing):**

Tibet Revy Workers Rebel GHQ  
Tibet Party Ctte Revy Rebel Corps  
New Peking Univ Commune (?)  
Hsienyang (Shensi) Tibet Nationalities Institute  
Serfs Halberd RG (Tsunyi Commune)  
Kansu Revy Alliance  
(Fukien) 29 August GHQ (?)  
Sinkiang RG August Field Army

25X1

25X1

**CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS:**

25X1

**9 February 1967:** LRH outlawed.

**7 April 1967:** LRH reinstated.

**mid-July 1967:** Tibet Military Region Party Ctte declared LRH and GAH both  
revy mass organizations.

**18 September 1967:** CC reiterated mid-July statement and called on the two  
organizations to unite. However, intense fighting between the two factions  
continued into February 1968.

**24 January 1968:** enlarged meeting of Tibet Military Region Party Ctte convened  
in Chengtu.

**Tibet (cont.)**

**Chronology of Events (cont.):**

**14 February 1968:** military issued instructions concerning forthcoming Peking conference to be attended by representatives of LRH, GAH, military units, and revy leading cadres.

**ca. 1 March 1968:** Peking conference opened at Peking Aviation Institute.

**13 March 1968:** representatives of GAH and LRH signed first draft of ~~AGA~~; discussions continued. Lhasa groups (especially LRH) dissatisfied with first draft ("capitulationist").

**May 1968:** renewed violence in Tibet between LRH and GAH. Evidence of dissension within the LRH regarding continued defense of Chou Jen-shan.

**TSINGHAI PROVINCE**

<b>Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups</b>	<b>Opponents</b>	<b>Supporters</b>
1. 18 August RG Combat Corps - - - - -	5-9	2-4
2. Peking 3rd Hqs - - - - -	5-9	1,3-4
3. Peking Geology "East-is-Red" - - - - -	5-9	1-2,4
4. New Peking Univ Commune - - - - - (Groups (1) through (4): anti-Wang Chao and Chao Yung-fu)	5-9	1-3
5. Defense Brigade ( <u>han-wei tui</u> ) - - - - -	1-4	6-9
6. Railroad Combat Corps - - - - -	1-4	5,7-9
7. Tsinghai RG GHQ - - - - -	1-4	5-6,8-9
8. Tsinghai 3rd Hqs - - - - -	1-4	5-7,9
9. Tsinghai "East-is-Red" Commune - - - - - (18 August Liaison Stations noted in Golma, Koerhmu and Lenghu)	1-4	5-8

**CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS:**

23 February 1967: PLA Sining Garrison Hqs outlawed 18 August as "c-revy".

24 March 1967: 18 August reinstated as the "true revolutionaries." Tsinghai RG GHQ described as "bourgeois-reactionary" and "conservative." 18 August not challenged seriously since reinstatement.

June 1967 ff: 18 August praised by Liu Hsien-chuan et al.

12 August 1967: Tsinghai Provincial Rev. Cttee est. Three of the Committee's Vice-Chairmen were identified as members of 18 August's Standing Cttee.

1 April 1968: Tsinghai Daily condemned Tsinghai "East-is-Red" Commune, Tsinghai RG GHQ, and Tsinghai 3rd Hqs as "conservative tools of the Wang Chao clique."

## YUNNAN PROVINCE

Red Guard/Revolutionary Rebel Groups	Opponents	Supporters
1. 23 August Prol Revolutionaries - - - - -	14	4-9, 12, 13
2. 23 August Ching kangshan RG - - - - - (Kunming Engineering Institute)	14	4-9, 12, 13
3. 23 August Combat Corps of the Kunming Agricultural and Forestry Institute - - - - -	14	4-9, 12, 13
4. TTOMTT Yunnan Prol Revolutionaries - - - - -	14	1-3
5. Southwest TTOMTT Rebel Jt Liaison Station - - - - -	14	1-3
6. Kunming Medical Coll TTOMTT RG Hqs - - - - -	14	1-3
7. TTOMTT Red Public Security Regiment - - - - -	14	1-3
8. Yunnan Finance and Trade System Prol Revolutionaries - - - - -	14	1-3
9. Awakened Corps (chiao-hsing)- - - - - (overseas Chinese)	14	1-3
10. Yunnan Univ TTOMTT Bombardiers (aka Artillery Corps) - - - - -	14	11
11. Kunming Engineering Institute TTOMTT Bombardiers (aka Artillery Corps) - - - - -	14	10
12. Tsinghua Ching kangshan - - - - - (arrived in Kunming 28 August 1966)	14	1-3
13. Peking 3rd Hqs - - - - - (noted in Kunming 26 September 1966) (Groups (1) through (13) anti-Yen Hung-yen and Li Ching-chuan)	14	1-3
14. Kunming RG GHQ - - - - - (est by Yen Hung-yen on 21 September 1966)	1-13	

## CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS:

8 January 1967: Yen Hung-yen reportedly suicide by poison.

1967: polarization of contending forces after Yen's suicide: 23 August vs. Bombardiers. Armed clashes increased in severity after mid-July, peaking in late December 1967-early January 1968. Relative calm was restored in late January 1968.

13 March 1968: Yunnan Univs and Colls RG Congress (prep group) est "with great assistance from the PLA."

**Yunnan (cont.)**

**Chronology of Events (cont.):**

**14 March 1968: 3rd Kunming Mao-study conference in session. 23 August, TTOMTT Yunnan Prol Revolutionaries, Kunming Railway Bureau Prol Revolutionaries, and Kunming Finance and Trade System Prol Revolutionaries attended.**

25X1

25X1